H. B. 4320

(BY DELEGATES FERRO, BARKER AND CAPUTO)
[BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION]

[Introduced January 26, 2012; referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.]

A BILL to amend and reenact §22-18-17 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to the settlement of violations of the Hazardous Waste Management Act by consent agreements, as an alternative to instituting a civil action in the circuit courts of the state.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §22-18-17 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 18. HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT ACT. §22-18-17. Civil penalties and injunctive relief.

- 1 (a) (1) Any person who violates any provision of this
- 2 article, any permit or any rule or order issued pursuant to this

article is subject to a civil administrative penalty, to be levied 3 by the director secretary, of not more than \$7,500 for each 4 day of such violation, not to exceed a maximum of \$22,500. 5 6 In assessing any such a penalty, the director secretary shall take into account the seriousness of the violation and any 7 8 good faith efforts to comply with applicable requirements as 9 well as any other appropriate factors as may be established 10 by the director secretary by rules promulgated pursuant to 11 this article and article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this 12 code. No assessment shall may be levied pursuant to this subsection until after the alleged violator has been notified by 13 14 certified mail or personal service. The notice shall include a reference to the section of the statute, rule, order or statement 15 16 of permit conditions that was allegedly violated, a concise 17 statement of the facts alleged to constitute the violation, a 18 statement of the amount of the administrative penalty to be imposed and a statement of the alleged violator's right to an 19 informal hearing. The alleged violator has twenty calendar 20 21 days from receipt of the notice within which to deliver to the

director secretary a written request for an informal hearing. 22 If no hearing is requested, the notice becomes a final order 23 after the expiration of the twenty-day period. If a hearing is 24 25 requested, the director secretary shall inform the alleged 26 violator of the time and place of the hearing. The director 27 secretary may appoint an assessment officer to conduct the 28 informal hearing and then make a written recommendation to 29 the director secretary concerning the assessment of a civil 30 administrative penalty. Within thirty days following the 31 informal hearing, the director secretary shall issue and 32 furnish to the violator a written decision, and the reasons 33 therefor, concerning the assessment of a civil administrative penalty. Within thirty days after notification of the director's 34 35 secretary's decision, the alleged violator may request a formal hearing before the Environmental Quality Board in 36 37 accordance with the provisions of article one, chapter twentytwo-b of this code. The authority to levy an administrative 38 penalty is in addition to all other enforcement provisions of 39 this article and the payment of any assessment does not affect 40

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the availability of any other enforcement provision in 41 42 connection with the violation for which the assessment is levied: Provided. That no combination of assessments 43 44 against a violator under this section shall may exceed 45 \$25,000 per day of each such violation: Provided, however, 46 That any violation for which the violator has paid a civil 47 administrative penalty assessed under this section shall may 48 not be the subject of a separate civil penalty action under this 49 article to the extent of the amount of the civil administrative penalty paid. All administrative penalties shall be levied in 50 accordance with rules issued pursuant to subsection (a), of 51 52 section six of this article. The net proceeds of assessments collected pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited in the 53 hazardous waste emergency response fund established 54 55 pursuant to section three, article nineteen of this chapter. 56 (2) No assessment levied pursuant to subdivision (1), of this subsection (a) above becomes due and payable until the 57 procedures for review of such the assessment as set out in 58

said subsection have been completed.

- (b) (1) Any person who violates any provision of this article, any permit or any rule or order issued pursuant to this article is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$25,000 for each day of such violation, which penalty shall be recovered in a civil action either in the circuit court wherein in which the violation occurs or in the circuit court of Kanawha County.
- (2) In addition to the powers and authority granted to the secretary by this chapter to enter into consent agreements, settlements and otherwise enforce this chapter, the secretary shall propose rules for legislative approval in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to establish a mechanism for the administrative resolution of violations set forth in this section through consent order or agreement as an alternative to instituting a civil action.
 - (c) The <u>director secretary</u> may seek an injunction, or may institute a civil action against any person in violation of any provisions of this article or any permit, rule or order issued

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- pursuant to this article. In seeking an injunction, it is not 79 necessary for the director secretary to post bond nor to allege 80 or prove at any stage of the proceeding that irreparable 81 82 damage will occur if the injunction is not issued or that the remedy at law is inadequate. An application for injunctive 83 relief or a civil penalty action under this section may be filed 84 85 and relief granted notwithstanding the fact that all 86 administrative remedies provided for in this article have not 87 been exhausted or invoked against the person or persons 88 against whom such the relief is sought.
 - (d) Upon request of the <u>director secretary</u>, the Attorney General, or the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the violation occurs, shall assist the <u>director secretary</u> in any civil action under this section.
 - (e) In any action brought pursuant to the provisions of this section, the state, or any agency of the state which prevails, may be awarded costs and reasonable attorney's fees.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to authorize the Secretary of the Department of Environmental Protection to propose legislative rules to settle violations of the hazardous waste management act by consent agreements, as an alternative to instituting a civil action in the circuit courts of the state.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.